

The Kalgoorlie to Perth Pipeline



Pumping Stations

Site	Name	Information
Kalgoorlie/Boulder Storage Facility (Mount Charlotte)	Healthy Lifestyle Lesson	This facility was opened on 24 January 1903; it can store 319,300 kL and can p ump
		41,000 kL of water per day. This site is lower than Bullabulling so no pumping is required after pumping station number 8.
Station 2	Bullabulling Pump Station	Water arrived at this site on 16 January 1903.
Station 3	Bullabulling Reservoir	This is the highest point on the pipeline between Perth and Kalgoorlie.
Station 4	Dedari Pump Station	There are still remains of original trenches and pipes situated here. This station is finally closed now after nearly 70 years of continuous service.
Station 5	Dedari Reservoir	This is the site of a main line pump station.
Station 6	Boondi Pump Station	This booster station is used to assist with summer water flow.
Station 7	Koorarawalyee Pump Station	Another booster station used for summer water flow.
Station 8	Koorarawalyee Storage Tank	This is the site of an original water storage tank.
Station 9	Karalee Pump Station	Karalee was once a townsite. A dam, well, and aqueduct were constructed at the base of Karalee Rocks in the 1860s.
Station 10	Gilgai Pump Station	Water arrived at this site on 21 November 1902. The buildings may have gone, but there are the remains of the timber framed railway platform onto which the guard threw the weekly food orders from the moving train.
Station 11	Ghooli Pump Station	Original buildings can still be found here, with its coal bin, railhead, steel chimney, and weighbridge.



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Ghooli Reservoir	Healthy Lifestyle Lesson	The original reservoir is still used with the modern pump station.
Station 13	Southern Cross Pump Station	An open pit mine site can be seen here.
Station 14	Nulla Nulla Storage Tank	Two large storage tanks are located here, on a hill.
Station 15	Nulla Nulla Pump Station	This is the site of a booster tank which is used to assist water flow in summer.
Station 16	Yerbillon Pump Station	The original main building is still here, intact. Water arrived here on 30 October 1902.
Yerbillon Reservoir	Healthy Lifestyle Lesson	The old reservoir is used with the new electric pump station.
Station 18	Walgoorlan Pump Station	Water flow is assisted by a booster tank located here.
Station 19	Booraan Pump Station	You will find two large summit tanks on a hill at this station.
Station 20	Merredin Pump Station	Baaaaa! Grazing sheep are found here.
Station 21	Merredin Reservoir	The original round tank is still visible here.
Station 22	Baandee Pump Station	Vast areas of salt lakes are located around this site.
Station 23	Kellerberrin Pump Station	This station used to be manually operated but is now fully automated.
Kellerberrin Storage Tank	Healthy Lifestyle Lesson	Large grain silos are visible from this site.
Station 25	Cunderdin Pump Station	Once upon a time, three steam pumps could be found here.
Station 26	Cunderdin Reservoir	Originally used to provide water for steam driven trains.
Station 27	Grass Valley Pump Station	This booster station increases the water flow rate when required.
Station 28	Wundowie Pump Station	Wundowie used to be surrounded with Wandoo trees. Many have now been cleared.



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Station 29	West Northam Storage Tank	Originally the pipeline was
		split in two and laid under
		the Avon River. After both
		pipes failed in 1917, the
		Poole Street Bridge was
		built.
		This site acts as a pressure
		relief devise when water
		pressure is high.
Station 30	Chidlow Pump Station	Chidlow has a booster tank
		which assists with summer
		water flow.
Station 31	Sawyers Valley Off-Take	A side pipeline is found here.
		It supplies a large area of
		Perth with their water needs.
Station 32	Sawyers Valley Storage Tank	This site is a catchment area
		containing two large storage
		tanks.
Station 33	Mundaring Pump Station	The C.Y. O'Connor Museum
		is housed here.
Mundaring Weir	Healthy Lifestyle Lesson	Construction commenced in
	Δ.	1898 and was completed
		three years later. For one
		year of that period
		construction work was
		conducted around the clock
		under electric light. The Weir
		can store 63,596,000 kL of
		water and can pump 130,000
		kL of water per day.

Ref: National Trust (2003) The Golden Pipeline Heritage Trail Guide

